The Nature and Orbit of the Ophiuchus stream

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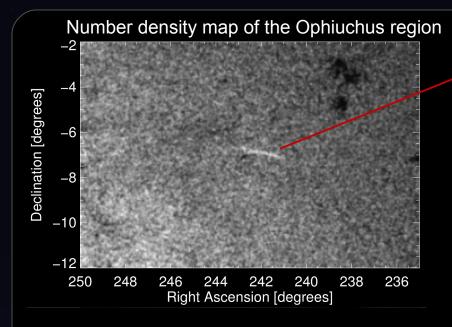
with

Edouard Bernard, Jo Bovy, Morgan Fouesneau, Nelson Caldwell, Melissa Ness, Judy Cohen, Maria Bergemann, Nicolas Martin, Eddie Schlafly, Hans-Walter Rix & the PS1 Collaboration





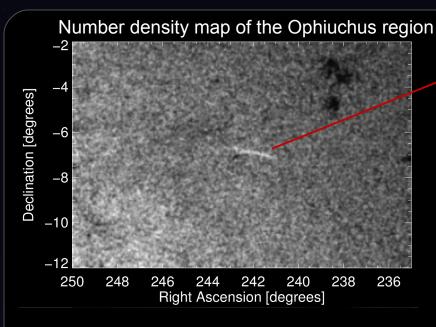
Introduction



- Discovered in the PanSTARRS1
 (PS1) photometric catalog
 (Bernard et al. 2014)
- Old stellar population (>10 Gyr)
- Metal-poor ([Fe/H] ~ -1.3 dex)
- Apparently thin (17 pc) and short (~370 pc)

Solitarius ~5 kpc above the Galactic center Near 3kpc Arm Ophiuchus stream ~9 kpc We are here

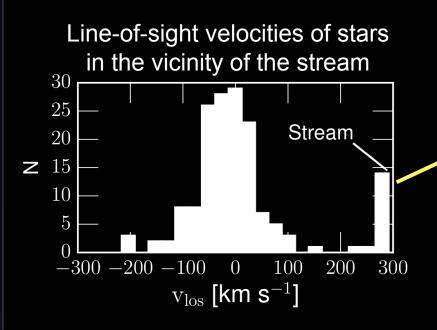
Unsolved Puzzles



- Discovered in the PS1 photo.
 catalog (Bernard et al. 2014)
- Old stellar population (>10 Gyr)
- Metal-poor ([Fe/H] ~ -1.3 dex)
- Apparently thin (17 pc) and short (~370 pc)

- Unsolved puzzles:
 - Old population, but short stream → recently disrupted?
 - No visible progenitor
 - Need to know the orbit → need velocities, distances, and proper motions

Line-of-Sight Velocity

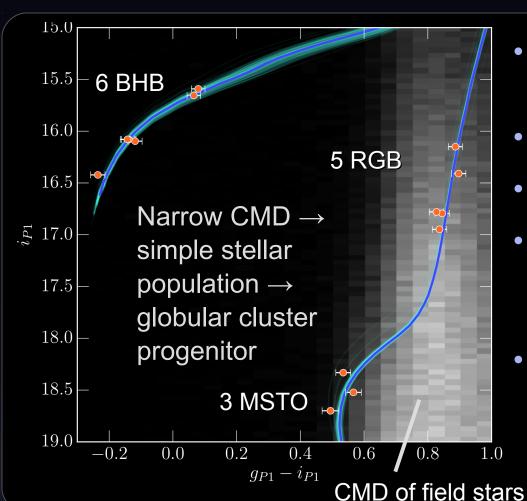


- Precise velocities (< 2 km/s)
- Identified 14 members (6 BHB, 5 RGB, 3 MSTO stars)
- Receding at v_{los} ~ 290 km/s and has a velocity gradient of 4±1 km/s/deg
- velocity dispersion < 0.5 km/s
 → kinematically cold stream
- α-enhanced, [Fe/H] = -2 dex,
 < 0.05 dex scatter in [Fe/H]
 → simple stellar population (globular cluster progenitor)

Distance

- Fit CMD using 14 confirmed members
- Model with 8 parameters

Distance

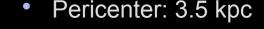


- Fit CMD using 14 confirmed members
- Model with 8 parameters
- Age: 12.7±0.3 Gyr
- Gradient in distance modulus (-0.23±0.03 mag/deg)
- Stream extends from 8 to
 9.5 kpc → 1.6 kpc long,
 not 370 pc!

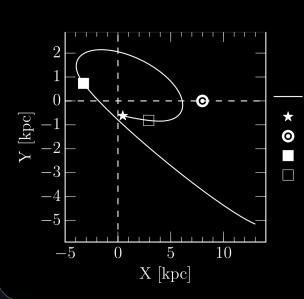
Proper Motion and the Orbit of the Stream

- Proper motions: PS1 + recalibrated (using PS1) USNO-B catalog positions → precision of 2 mas/yr
- Use all stars in the vicinity that match the position and CMD of the stream (a probabilistic model with 20 parameters)
- Moving away from the plane and towards the Galactic center
- Gradients in proper motion (~2 mas/yr/deg, signif. at >2.5σ level)
- Full 6-D characteristion of the stream
- Orbit fitting using galpy (Bovy 2015, submitted to ApJ; http://github.com/jobovy/galpy)
- Assume a realistic MW potential: power-law bulge with a cutoff, Miyamoto-Nagai disk, NFW balo (MWPotential2014 in galpy)

Orbit of the Ophiuchus Stream



- Apocenter: 17.5 kpc
- Eccentricity: 0.67
- Periods: 360 Myr (orbital), 245 Myr (radial), 356 Myr (vertical) → > 50 disk+pericenter passages in the past 13 Gyr!
- Old population + short orbit → how did it survive for ~13 Gyr?



Orbit (-370 < t/Myr < 0)

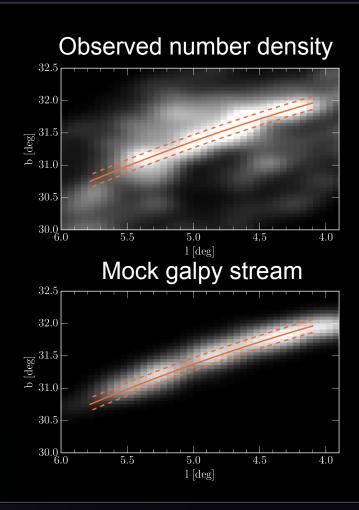
Oph position today

 Sun

Peri passage @ $t \approx -250 \text{ Myr}$

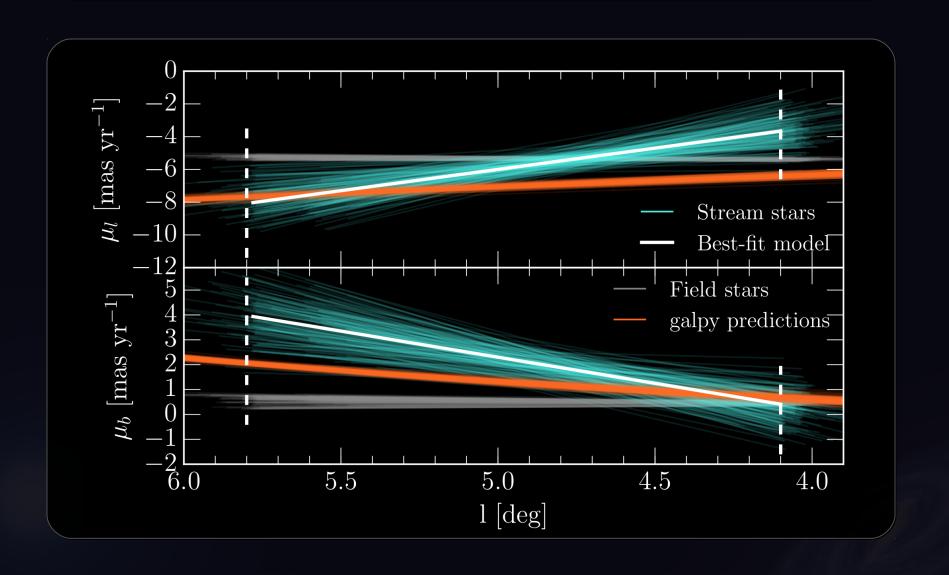
Peri passage @ $t \approx -10$ Myr

Time of Disruption and Dynamical Mass



- Mock stream: need to assume a velocity dispersion of the stream and time of disruption
- σ_v proportional to width,
 t_{dis} proportional to length
- Good match for $\sigma_v \sim 0.4$ km/s, $t_{dis} \sim 170$ Myr
- Disrupted during the last disk+pericenter passage (~250 Myr ago)
- $\sigma_{v} \sim 0.4 \text{ km/s} \rightarrow M_{dyn} \sim 2.10^{4} \text{ M}_{sun}$ (like GD-1)

Observed vs. Predicted Proper Motions



Take-Away Messages

- We have fully characterized the Ophiuchus stream in position, kinematics, and color-magnitude space
- Progenitor: globular cluster (M~2·10⁴ M_{sun}), some similarities with GD-1
- Puzzle solved: short due to viewing angle and recent disruption (~250 Myr ago)
- Still unresolved puzzle: where is the progenitor? N-body simulations needed.
- New puzzle 1: mismatch between observed and predicted proper motions → bad proper motions? stream is not orbit?
- New puzzle 2: How did the progenitor survive >50 disk+pericenter passages in the past 13 Gyr? Incorrect potential? Did its orbit change?

